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FOREIGN NEWS.

TOPICS OF INTEREST IN MANY LANDS. ENGLISH OPINION OF THE PHILADELPHIA CONVEN-TION-COMMENTS ON MR. PARNELL'S CABLE

LETTER-ARRESTS FOR MURDER CONSPIRACIES The London cable letter to THE TRIBUNE says it is understood that the omission of the Philadelphia Convention to condemn the dynamite policy was due to the fear of American opinion, and that its silence means approval of the recent outrages. Mr. Parnell's cable letter produced a bad impression, and he is charged in some quarters with being possibly implicated in the work of the violence party. Much interest is manifested in Mr. Gladstone's eloquent defence of the Affirmation bill. More arrests have been made in Ireland for conspiracy to murder. The police have information that Informer Carey was implicated in other murders beside those in Phœnix Park. A letter has been received threatening to blow up the Guildhall in London on May 6.

IRISH AND ENGLISH QUESTIONS. [BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, April 28 .- London papers have received many columns by cable respecting the Irish conventions in Philadelphia, but have mostly reserved decisive comments till the conclusion of the proceedings. It is quite understood here that it was fear of American, not fear of English opinion, which prevented the open adoption of the dynamite policy. It is understood also that the omission of all condemnation of violence and outrages signifies an implicit approval of them by the conventions, and also approval of Mr. Parnell. Nothing that Mr. Parnell ever said or did has produced a worse impression here than his cabled letter to the conventions. Mr. Parnell, says The Standard, has outdone himself in this document for audacity and perversion of facts unequalled by his highest flights of oratorical effrontery, when he asserts that he is obliged to remain in England to oppose the Criminal Code bill. He wishes his American friends to understand that the English Legislature is forging another weapon of oppression and cruelty against Ireland, and assumes that America is ignorant that the new bill is impartially applicable to the whole United Kingdom. Mr. Parnell's present policy is not constitutional agitation, but is dictated by a discreet regard for consequences. .

IMPORTANT RUMORS.

It is said here in important quarters that Mr. Parnell is so deeply implicated in the work of the party of violence as to be unable to disavow them even if he wished to do so. It is believed that Tynan could connect the Parliamentary party directly with the crimes if he could be extradited. Devine's instructive testimony yesterday in Dublin adds one link to the short chain between the murderers and the politiciaus. No effort will be spared to identify the member of the House who attended the meeting of assassins.

Fagan's conviction partly reassures the Crown officers, who began to dread the complete success of the conspiracy for tampering with jurors whom it failed to intimidate.

MR. GLADSTONE AND AFFIRMATION. Mr. Bradlaugh and the Affirmation bill have

fairly divided public attention with Irish matters, owing partly to Lord Coleridge's (Lord Chief Justice of England) judgment in his favor in the action for maintenance against Mr. Newdegate (Conservative Member for North Warwickshire), but still more to Mr. Gladstone's speech in the House of Commons on Thursday. Everybody remarks Mr. Bradlaugh's singular good fortune in the force of circumstances compelling Lord Coleridge and Mr. Gladstone both to appear practically as the advocates of the man whose views they detest, and with whose character and conduct they have no sympathy. Mr. Gladstone's defence of the Affirmation bill crowded the House on Thursday to its utmost limits, and extorted a tribute of enthusiastic admiration from his bitterest opponents. He boldly admitted that the identification of the Ministry and the Liberal party with the cause personified by Mr. Bradlaugh had seriously prejudiced both the Ministry and the party with the country, but declared that the sacrifice of the broad principle of civil equality, regardless of religious conviction, would be prejudicial to religion itself not less than to political liberty. The speech abounded in ingenious argumentation and contained many passages of lofty eloquence.

The debate is expected to consume two more nights. The Liberal whips calculate on having a majority of about thirty. The Lords will ultimately throw out the bill, the Tories being more resolute than ever to protract a controversy enlisting bigotry and prejudice all over the country on their side, although many eminent elergymen, including Cardinal Newman and Dr. Bright, Regius Professor of Ecclesiastical History in Oxford, and the Rev. Malcolm MacColl, support affirmation.

THE TEMPERANCE AGITATION.

Last night's majority in the House of Commons in favor of Sir Wilfrid Lawson's (Liberal Member for Carlisle) Local Option resolution accurately reflects the growing strength of the temperance movement among people of all classes. The rapidly increasing number of profitable coffee palaces marks one extreme, and the advocacy of the movement by powerful members of the aristocracy marks the other. The meeting of last Saturday, at Stafford House. when the Duchess of Sutherland donned a blue ribbon provokes some ridicule, but more active sym-

The Ministry intend to treat temperance simply as a branch of the Local Government question. They accept Sir Wilfrid Lawson's resolution in principle, but expect to carry it out in their own way hereafter, probably, as Mr. Gladstone hinted, by creating representative boards for general and local purposes, licensing included. This will not satisfy the extreme temperance party.

THE QUEEN.

The medical reports of the condition of the Queen continue to indicate improvement, but it is extremely gradual. She has done a popular thing in instituting the Royal Order of the Red Cross for ladies, or nursing sisters, deserving honor for special exertions in attending soldiers and sailors.

ART EXHIBITIONS.

The private view-to-day of the summer exhibition at Grosvenor Gallery was thronged as usual in spite of foolish rumors that society intended to stay away as a mark of sympathy for Lady Lindsay. Mr Burne-Jones's "Wheel of Fortune," is a picture of extraordinary power, occupies a central position in the West

Gallery, and Mr. John Collier's very striking portraits of Mr. Huxley's three daughters a corresponding place in the East Gallery. The exhibition

is chiefly remarkable for portraits and landscapes, the former including Mr. Alma Tadema's wonderful Duchess of Clevelaud, three characteristic pictures by Millais and numerous Herkomers, Richmonds, and Holls, and works by other popular artists. Mr. Boughton sends two interesting works which show signs of his taking a new departure, and Mr. Eugene Benson several landscapes and other American pic-

The Prince and Princess of Wales opened yesterday the fine new gallery in Piccadilly of the Institute of Painters in Water Colors. The private view is to-day. It is the largest collection ever gathered of English drawings, numbering 899, the average being exceptionably good. The other society of painters in water colors also holds a private view to-day, while the dealers' galleries offer exhibitions without limit.

HONORS TO IRVING.

The farewell dinner to Mr. Irving prior to his departure for America is now fixed for July 4, Lord Coleridge presiding, and numerous distinguished persons offering their support. Mr. Irving has issued invitations to a supper at the Lyceum Theatre on May 7 at midnight to meet the Prince

ARRESTS FOR MURDER CONSPIRACIES. DUBLIN, April 28 .- Nevin, a tailor, has been arested here in connection with the conspiracies to murder. He was mentioned yesterday by the informer Devine at the hearing of the conspirators Kingston, Gibney and Healy, as having been appointed by the Fenians to find the hiding place of Poole, who had been condemned to death. Devine also stated that Nevin was afterward charged by the assassins with deceiving them.

The Dublin police have discovered that several men wanted for participation in the murder conspiracies have left Ireland. The police are in constant communication with the police of Manchester, Liverpool, Newcastle and London touching the

movements of suspected persons.

TULLAMORE, April 29.—Three arrests in connection with the conspiracy to murder have been made here in consequence of information given at the examination of the three conspirators in Dublin yesterday by Seery, a resident of Tullamore.

CAREY IMPLICATED IN MORE MURDERS. DUBLIN, April 28 .- The police have evidence unplicating James Carey, the witness for the Crown in the State trials in progress here, in the murders of Talbot, the police informer; of Clarke, the Fenian informer, and of the bricklayer, Behan, and also in the attempted murder of Murphy, the bookkeeper of The Irish People. It is, therefore, likely that he will yet be tried for one of these offenses. The assassination of Behan was not connected with the political troubles.

A MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT IMPLICATED. DUBLIN, April 28 .- The person seen by Devine at a meeting of the Irish Vigilance Committee in Dublin, and who, Devine yesterday in his testimony said, was a member of Parliament, was descirbed by the witness as having a fresh complexion and a beard and moustache of light color. Devine said this man was present at a meeting held after the vigilants had decided upon the death of Poole.

LONDON, April 28 .- Alarm has been caused by the receipt by the Corporation of London of an anonymous letter warning that body that the Guildhall would be destroyed by dynamite on May 6. A force of special police has been detailed to guard the building.

ARCHBISHOP CROKE SUMMONED TO ROME. LONDON, April 28 .- The Times's correspondent at Rome says that Archbishop Croke is on his way to the Vatican, where he will be "hauled over the coals" for giving support to the movements of the Nationalist and Revolutionist parties in Ireland.

THE DEPARTURE OF EMIGRANTS. DUBLIN, April 28.-Earl Spencer, the Lord-Lieaenant, was present at Balmullet, County Mayo, vesterday to witness the departure by the steamer Phonician for America of a number of families. He conversed with many of the older emigrants and assisted in placing the children of the departing families in the row-boats of the Phonician to be conveyed to the steamer. The sympathy shown by the Lord-Lieutenant created a profound impression

A DENIAL BY MR. SARGENT.

BERLIN, April 28 .- The Boersen Courier publishes the report of an interview with Mr. Sargent, the American Minister, in which the latter denied that he wrote any article for the New-Yorker Handels-Zeitung relative to the action of Germany on the subject of the importation of American pork, or that he was cognizant of the publication of such an article. Mr. Sargent said he sent a dispatch on the subject to his Government, which was properly published by the State Department, together with other reports of the American Ministers and Consuls, and that it was then copied by various journals, including even papers in Berlin. The statements in his dispatch which were made the particular object his dispatch which were made the particular object of attack by The North German Gazette were in facof attack by The North German Gazette were in fact quotations from a German paper, and were duly credited to it by him. Mr. Sargent further declared that there was no truth in the statement that he had said that the prohibition of the importation of American pork was an illegal measure, and was carried on despite the opposition of the Reichstag.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Hong Kong, March 27 .- United States Minister Young has collected from the Chinese Government \$60,000, the principal and interest on claims on account of supplies furnished by the American General Ward during the Taiping rebellion upwards of twenty years ago. The money is now in bank awaiting the owners, but no person authorized to receive it has yet appeared. All the other United States claims, amounting to about \$200,000, are promised speedy settlement by Libung Chang, who paid the Ward claims

Russian officials announce their intention of negotiat-ing a treaty with Corea. The special convention be tween China and Corea, giving the former especial privileges, has not been promulgated or acted upon The American firm of Wetmore & Co. have made a

claim for \$50,000 damages against the Chinese Govern ment for an alleged derangement of their business

Chinese subjects who livested in American prises.

The French in Tonquin continue their warlike operations. A small force was sent on March 14 to occupy the citadels of Namdin and other river towns. The natives everywhere exhibit hostile feeling, but dare not actively manifest it.

You collama, April 5.—The Japanese Government continues suspicious and watchful of Chinese proceedings. Japan will not be forced into war excepting at the last extremity, and feels its peaceful attitude strengthened by the appointment of a United States Muister to Corea, but is obliged to maintain defensive preparations. The Japanese Army is now increased to an available force of 120,000 men.

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The submerged hull of the United States ship Onelda, which was lost on the Japanese coast thirteen years ago, was blown up last month. No relies were recovered, though human skeletons and various unimportant articles of ship's furniture were brought to the surface.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 28 .- The Mayor, in the resence of the Board of Aldermen and a large number presence of the Board of Aldermen and a large number of citizens this afternoon, presented an official address of welcome to Princess Louise on her return from Bermuda. It was couched in warm congratulatory language, and the reply was equally cordial.

MONTREAL, April 28.—Navigation is now open here and several river steamors have arrived in port.

St. John's, N. F., April 28.-The Mississippi and Dominion Company's ateamer Ontario, from Liverpool to Quebec, passed Cape Race has evening. She is the first ocean steamer signted this spring, with the exception of the boats calling at St. John's.

FOREIGN NOTES. Paris, April 28 .- In the Senate to-day the Due de Broglic gave notice that on Tuesday next he would

NEW-YORK, SUNDAY, APRIL 29, 1883.—TWELVE PAGES,

question the Government as to its position in regard to the triple alliance. BERLIN, April 28.-Dr. Busch, Under Foreign Secre tary, who was recently given a long furlough, has been recalled.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 28.—The possible appointment of M. Rousian as French Ambassador here is mentioned. St. Petersbung, April 28.—The Imperial procession to

he Cathedral, usually made after the Easter reception, has been waived this year. VIENNA, April 28.—The Unterhaus of the Reichstag

has finally passed the Primary Education bill, as modified, by a vote of 170 to 167. THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE.

RESULTS OF THE WORK ACCOMPLISHED. WHY SULLIVAN WAS CHOSEN PRESIDENT-AN IRISH LEADER IN AMERICA NOT DESIRABLE.

FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE. PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—Most of the delegates have started for home, except Sheridan, Devoy. John Parnell, Father Slattery, of Australia, and some half dozen priests, who are still here. The general subject of conversation to-day was the election of Sullivan, of Chicago, as president of the new League. It is known that the leaders had made another choice, and that only at the last moment did they settle on Sullivan. The choice fell on him chiefly from his well-known capacity for hard work, which is said to be enormous. His prominence as an Irishman was due to his having organized the reception given in the West to Parnell at the time

given in the West to Parnell at the time of his visit to Chicago.

A fact not generally known is that the gag resolutions introduced by Dr. O'Reilly, of Detroit, were framed by Sullivan. These resolutions killed the Rossa faction. Sullivan's programme is already marked out for him by the leaders. If he deviates from it at all, it is said, he will be reduced to the ranks. The Irish National League, say its originators, wants no leader; it is a movement which has the elements of progress in itself. Leaders have never done any good in Ireland, and the Irish in America want none.

It is worthy of note that fully one-third of the men who composed the convention were native-born Americans.

men who composed the convention were native-born Americana.

The Supreme Conneil of the new Irish National League had intended to hold a meeting at the Continental Hotel to-day for organization, but several of the members started on the morning train, and as less than a quorum remained in the city, nothing was done. A meeting of what was known as the dynamite faction of the late Irish convention was held in the Girard House at 4 o'clock this morning. The meeting was secret. Rossa started for New-York at 10 o'clock. Before leaving he stated that the plans of the Extremists had been satisfactorily arranged, and that future developments will show what these plans are.

Patrick Egan, ex-treasurer of the Land League of Ireland; Thomas Brennan, secretary of the Irish National League of Ireland, and a number of other delegates to the Irish Convention, made a tour of the city to-day in company with a committee.

COMMENTS OF THE LONDON STANDARD. LONDON, April 28 .- The Standard in a leading article commenting on the proceedings of the Irish Convention at Philadelphia says Mr. Parnell knew that a word from him plainly denouncing the dynamite policy would have produced a deep effect on

the convention, but, it says, he will not speak the word lest he should wound the susceptibilities of ome of his friends in America, THE DYNAMITE MEN IN A RAGE. The dynamite men talked over their wrongs

vesterday in O'Donovan Rossa's office, Patrick Joyc was eloquent. "The convention was a stupid thing any-way," said he. "There was Finerty, of Chicago, a fine nan and a Congressman, and the stupid convention would not hear him. There is England laughing now at that convention; it was such a very stupid thing."

Elsewhere the dynamite men also talked in the same angry way about the convention and its doings. Thomas Bracken told his friends how the convention had treated him; a ood many who talked did not want their names men missed from their situations lately, their employers ob jecting to their dynamite principles. The Irish-men who dropped into "Pat" McGabey's liquor-store in Williamsburg kept up a volley of invective. In East Broadway, where dwell many first-class patriots, several impromptu sidewalk conventions were held. " D-n the convention any way," was the prevailing sentiment. "We'll have a meeting about this anyway to morrow night somewhere, and Rossa will be there to look out for squalls." The anniversary of Wolfe Tone's birth is to be celebrated in June. There is a strong desire among the leaders to have a great dynamite convention on that date.

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Dr. Farrie, an interview with whom appeared in last Sunday's Trainurs on the organization of the Clan-na-Gael, states that his relations to that organization have not been quite understood. He is not an officer of the Clan-na-Gael, but is a member of an international revolutionary society which is a million strong and to which neither Lynch nor Dr. Gallagher belonged. To give the name of this society or to give the name of any one of its officers would be to incur the penalty of death. Of what took Gallagher to England he was completely ignorant. He had been understood to make reference to John Devoy and "beggaryl Bowery gans," but he says that he does not know John Devoy and that the latter expression was wrongly attributed to him.

ARREST OF A GANG OF COUNTERFEITERS. The Secret Service agents of the Treasury Department arrested vesterday several men and women who, they assert, make up a band of counterfeiters The names of the prisoners, all of whom were ar raigned before Commissioner Shields, are George L. Stanley, Thomas H. Karney, Lena Kearney, Mathew J. Rooney, Thomas Reilly, Patrick Smith, Hugh Casey and Jennie L. Holden. Most of the prisoners live on the East Side, between Seventyfifth-st. and Eighty-fifth-st. According to the story told by Agent Brooks, Stanley is the leader of the gang; he manufactures counterfeit trade dollars, while the others are employed in selling the coin. Chief-Agent Drummond and his staff have been en gaged for several months in collecting evidence relating to the operations of the counterfeiters. The agents have bought coin from many of the members of the gang, until sufficient testimony was obtained to warrant the arrests. Stanley and Rooney were under indictment for selling 300 counterfeit trade dollars to a farmer at Perth Amboy. Deputy Marshals Bernhard and Dubert were detailed to assist the Secret Service agents, and arrangements were made to arrest the mon as nearly as possible at the Stanley, who was arrested at Third-ave. and

Ninth-st., made a vigorous resistance and was only overpowered by the efforts of several men, Rooney and Casey were found in front of Miner's Theatre in the Bowery. Mrs. Holden was arrested at her home in East Eighty-fifth-st. Her husband, "Jem" Holden, is imprisoned in Pennsylvania on a charge of counterfeiting. Smith, who was arrested at his home, has been for several weeks closely watched by the detectives, one of whom succeeded in gain-ing his confidence and obtaining an insight into the plans of the counterfetters. Ann McKinley, who is said to be one of the same band, is now serving a

said to be one of the same band, is now serving a term in the Trenton prison.

The prisoners, when taken before Commissioner Shields, pleaded not guilty, and were held for examination. Bail to the amount of \$5.000 was demanded in the case of four of the prisoners. No bail was fixed for Stanley and Rooney, who are wanted in New-Jersey. Smith was held in \$2,500 and Mrs. Holden in \$1,000.

The Secret Service agents say that the operations of the gang have extended through several of the Middle States, and it is estimated that the amount of counterfeit coin manufactured has been several hundred dollars a week. The prisoners will be examined early this week.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

KILLED AT A RALLEDAD CROSSING.
NEW-HAVEN, April 28.—Matthew Cusack
eleven, was killed to-day at the Jackson-st. crossing
Shere Lino Rallroad. SENTENCED FOR HOMICIDE.

SENTENCED FOR HOMICIDE.
WILKESBARRE, Penn., April 28.—Michael Reilly
was this morning sentenced to eight years in the State Penltentiary for the killing of Thomas May, at Pairview.
SENTENCED TO BE HANGED.
BALTIMORE, Md., April 28.—George Lake, colored,
was convicted yesterday in the Circuit Court of Dorchester
County, at Cambridge, of felonious assault on Mrs. Clara. J.
Slammons, two weeks ago. He was sentenced to be hanged.

Simmons, two weeks ago. He was sentenced to be hanged.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT BY A PLAYMATE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., April 28.—Thomas Blair, a young boy, was accidentally shot to day by Edward Milliken, a playmate, at Dunniles. Bish is not expected to live. Milliken was playing with his father's gun.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A CIRCUS RIDER.

POTTSVILLE, Penn. April 28.—In leaping a hurdle at Forepangh's circus this evening, the horse riiden by Mrs. Cook stumbled and fell upon the rider, breaking her ribs and injuring her laternally. She is not expected to live through the night.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

COMMISSIONER RAUM RESIGNS. SPECULATION REGARDING HIS SUCCESSOR.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, April 28.-General Green B. Raum this afternoon handed to the President his resignatien as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the resignation to take effect on Monday. This action has caused general surprise among Government officers, that the President was greatly surprised by the tender of the resignation and expressed his regret that General Raum should feel it his duty to withdraw from an office, the affairs of which he has conducted with ability, energy and success for nearly seven years.

General Raum said to a TRIBUNE correspondent that he had determined to resign in order to resume the practice of his profession; that he should open an office in Washington, fand while making a specialty of customs and internal revenue cases in the Court of Claims and Supreme Court, as well as before the departments, he will also seek to build up a general practice. He said that in his conversation with the President the subject of a successor in the Internal Revenue Office was not discussed, nor mentioned: and that, of course, he should offer no suggestions on that subject unless they were invited.

There is a rumor that ex-Congressman Burrows, of Michigan, will receive the appointment. That report has apparently this foundation and no more: After Congress adjourned the friends of Mr. Burrows recommended him to the President and Secretary Folger for a Treasury appointment, and both of them appeared to desire that he should have one. There was no vacancy at that time, but Secretary Folger expressed a hope that Second Controller Upton would resign; and it is reported that the President was quite willing to ask him to do so. It is understood that certain complications have since arisen in regard to that matter, and that the prospect of an early vacaney in the Controller's office is not very promising. It is said that Mr. Burrows had become somewhat impatient at the delay, and visited the President a day or two ago to say that business matters in the West required his early attention; that the President advised him to remain in Washington a few days longer, intimating that there was a prospect of some changes that might result favorably to him. Mr. Burrows has remained. A gentleman who is familiar with Illinois polities said to-night that he thought General Raum's determination to resign the Commissionership was formed when Governor Cullom was elected to the United States Sonate. ton would resign; and it is reported that the

THE GALLANT ACT OF A SEAMAN.

Washington, April 28.-Captain Henry Wilson, commanding the United States steamship Lackawanna, reports to the Navy Department from Honelulu, March 20, commending the gallantry of Louis Williams, captain of the foretop of that ship, in rescuwilliams, captain of the foretop of that sinp, in rescuing a shipmate from drowning. On the night of March 16 Thomas Moran, landsman, attempted to desort by swimming to the shore. When 150 yards from the vessel he gave out and cried for help. A boat was lowered as soon as possible, but in the meantime Williams had jumped overboard, and, swimming in the direction of the cries for help, reached the drowning man in time to hold him above water until the boat arrived, some minutes afterward, and picked them up.

Washington, April 28 .- A statement prepared in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Rev-enue shows that the aggregate receipts for March, 1883. were \$1,425,121 greater than for March, 1882. The increase was: On spirits, \$1,736,075; on beer, \$42,125. There was a decrease on tobacco of \$218,751; on banks and bankers, \$59,137; and miscellaneous \$76,091. The and bankers, \$59,137; and miscellaneous \$70,091. The collections of Internal Revenue for the first nine months of the fiscal years ended June 30, 1882 and 1883 aggregated as follows: On spirits, 1882, \$50,148,979; 1883, \$53,390,033; on tobacce, 1882, \$44,216,705; 1883, \$32,610,025; on fermented liquors, 1882, \$11,374,036; 1883, \$11,763,096; on banks and bankers, 1882, \$18,743,929; miscellaneous, 1882, \$6,203,299; 1883, \$3,743,929; miscellaneous, 1882, \$6,203,299; 1883, \$6,203,299; 1883, \$107,050,666; increase, \$2,262,041.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Washington, Saturday, April 28, 1883. A DETERMINATION RECONSIDERED.—The Manly & Cooper Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, has reconsidered the determination not to press the charges against Supervising Architect Hill.

APPOINTED A BOILER INSPECTOR.—Secretary Folger has appointed James H. Hand to be Special Inspector of boilers and hulls of foreign steam vessels at the port of

THE JEANNETTE SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT.-Secretary Chandler has approved the supplemental report of the Jeannette Court of Inquiry, and its conclusions will not be modified.

A NEW BANK AUTHORIZED.-The Controller of the Currency has authorized the First National Bank of Brownwood, Tex., to begin business with a capital of \$75,000.

NOT TO ENTER MEXICAN TERRITORY .- In response to a communication from Secretary Frelinghuysen inquiring whether there will be any objection to our troops following the Apaches from Artzona over the border, theMexican Minister has replied that such action cannot
be properly taken without the express consent of the
Mexican Senate. A telegram was accordingly sent to
General Crook this afternoon by the Secretary of War,
directing him to be careful to observe the convention
with Mexico on this subject.

HAWAIIAN SUGAR IMPORTATION.—Secretary Folger has appointed Special Agent A. K. Tingle, O. L. Spalding, of Detroit, and John E. Searles, secretary of the Have meyer Sugar Redning Company, of New-York, a commission to visit San Francisco and investigate the alleged fraudulest importation of Hawalian sugar. The commission has been instructed to inquire particularly into the charges preferred by Representative Beimont.

AUTHORITY TO ARREST SMUGGLERS.-The Solicitor of

the Treasury has decided that the Collector of Customs at Brownsville, Tex., has authority to arrest smugglers as well as to seize contraband goods. It is estimated that the Government loses annually about \$500,000 by the smuggling carried on along the Rio Grande. APPOINTED POSTMASTER.-Alexander F. Lobdell has

een appointed Postmaster at Brewster, N. Y. THE NEW STEEL CRUISERS.-Advertisements for pro-

posals for the construction of the new steel cruisers will be issued from the Navy Department within a day or two. Secretary Chandler has decided to name the largest of the three cruisers the Chicago.

RED CLOUD FINDS A GOLD MINE.-Agent McGilly RED CLOCD FINDS A GOLD MARK—Agent McCongley country, of the Pine Ridge Indian Agency, Dakota, under date of April 19, writes to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs as follows; "Red Cloud wishes to inform his Great Father that his heart is good and his mind tranquil; and also that he has discovered a gold mine on his reservation and intends to go mining with his people when the weather becomes fine. He does not wish to be disturbed in possession of said mine for ten years."

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, April 28 .- A board of officers, to consist of Lieutenant-Colonel James M. Whittemore, Ordnance Department; Lieuten ant-Colonel Richard N. Batchelder, Deputy Quartermaster-General; Major Gludo N. Lieber, Judge Advocate; Captain Jeremiah H. Gilman, Commis-sary of Subsistence; Captain John F. Rodgers, Military Storekeeper, Quartermaster's Department, Recorder, will assemble in this city on May 2, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to consider and report upon such modifi-cations of the general orders of 1880 as may be deemed necessary under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1883, entitled "An act to amend chapter 58 of volume 20 of the United States Statutes at chapter 58 of volume 20 of the United States Statutes at Large, relating to contracts under the WarlDepartment." By direction of the President, during the temporary absence of the Adjutant-General, General Chauncey Mo-Keever, the senior officer present for duty in his office, will perform the duties of Adjutant-General. The extension of leave of absence granted First Lieu-tenant Herman Dowd, 3d Artillery, April 3, 1882, has been further extended to June 1, 1883, and his resigna-tion has been accounted.

tion has been accepted.

Second Lieutenant Charles R. Tyler, 16th Infantry, has been detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Kentucky, Lexington, Ky., to take offset July 1.

THE CREEK INDIAN TROUBLES.

Washington, April 28.-Indian Inspector Ward and Special Agent Beeby will tenve here on Monday for Fort Gibson, to investigate the troubles between the opposing factions of Creek Indians, with the view o bringing about an amicable settlement of the difficulties A telegram received at the Indian Office to-day reports that Chief Espicehee and his followers have left Muskogee, I. T., under escort of United States Infantry, and willreach Fort Gibson in about twenty days.

SALE OF THOROUGHBRED YEARLINGS.

NASHVILLE, April 28 .- The spring sale of thoroughbred yearings took place at the Belle Meade farm this morning. Forty-two colts and fillies by Enquirer and Great Tom brought an aggregate of \$27,420. The largest purchasers were the Dwyer brothers, P. G.

Speth, of Louisville; R. C. Pate, of St. Louis, and George Lorillard. The Enquirers brought the highest figures, viz., \$3,500 and \$3,000. They were bought by the Dwy-ers. Two other Enquirers bought by Mr. Speth brought \$1,450 and \$1,025.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

STATEN ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT.

At a meeting of the directors of the Rapid Transit Railway of Staten Island, held yesterday at the office of H. L. Horton & Co., the following officers of the company were elected:—President, Adolph L. King; vice-president, Frederick White; treasurer, J. F. Emmons; secretary, Theodore E. Leeds. Charles E. Quincy, Alfred E. Boardman and Henry Cowan, the latter of Alfred E. Boardman and Henry Cowan, the latter of Glasgow, Scotland, were elected directors, after the resignations of Erastus Wiman and W. W. MacFarlane were accepted. Mr. Wiman said that the resignation of Mr. MacFarlane and himself did not imply any opposition to the rapid transit scheme or failure of interest in it. They thought, however, that the interests of the two railway enterprises on the island should be kept separate, and as they were officers of the Staten Island Railroad they withdrew from the Rapid Transit Company.

FINISHING WORK ON FREIGHT MATTERS. The conference of the general managers of the pool railroads upon freight matters was adjourned been called for the passenger department of the commit-tee. The work done yesterday was the adoption of de-tail changes in the pool agreement, in order to provide penalties for the violation of the agreement made Fri-day. The matter of rearranging the east-bound rate percentages of the Western railroads that lead to the lake ports was referred to the trunk-line committee and Commissioner Fink for final adjustment.

A NEW ISSUE OF BONDS PROPOSED. NEW-HAVEN, April 28 .- Funds to meet the expense of four-trucking the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad between New-Haven and New-York are to be raised by a new issue of bonds, not to exceed five million dellars, the lean to constitute a mortgage on the entire line. A special meeting of the stockholders to

the entire line. A special meeting of the stockholders to authorize the proposed issue is to be held at New-Haven May 19. It is proposed that the bonds bear interest at the rate of four per cent and run for different periods of time in order that they may be called in as the company has the money to pay for their cancellation. A prominent official of the road said to-day that the different issues would probably be for ten, twenty, thirty and forty years. The bonds will be issued according to the requirements of money needed for the four-tracking project and other improvements in connection therewith.

It is quite likely that the entire sum will not be needed, as the present estimates of the value of the improvements is between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000. The heavy item of the expense for the plan of improvements will be doing away with grade crossings at the country highways and in the cities. Between Stamford and New-Rochelle, a distance of seventeen inties, the estimated expense of carrying the tracks over or under highways is \$24,000. The condemnation of land needed for the two extra tracks and an entirely new right of way will be completed in a few days. About a fourteenth of the interested property owners have refused to come to satisfactory terms, which will necessitate a resort to compulsory court proceedings.

EAST-BOUND SHIPMENTS FROM CHICAGO. CHICAGO, April 28.—The following is a comparative statement in tons of the shipments east from Chicago during the past week:

ROUTE.	Fiour.	Grain.	Provi-	Total.	Per C'nUge
Michigan Central. Lake shore and Michi- gan Southern Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Chicago, St. Louis and Pacific Baltimore and Ohio Chicago and Gr. Trunk New York, Chicago and St. Louis	1,029	2,000	1,603	4,632	15.6
	496	3,174	1,012	4,682	15.8
	1,120	4,421	1,164	6,765	22.5
	1,191 125 347	1.849 906 5,338	993 397 758	4,033 1,428 6,463	13.6 4.5 21.7
	51	1,715	24	1,790	6.0
Total	4,359	19,423	5,051	29,733	100.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

READING, Penn., April 28.—The stockholders of the Oley Valley and Lehigh Reilroad to-day decided to increase the indebtedness of the company from \$400,000 to \$500,000. The road forms a direct line from Birdsboro to Allentown, and will form an outlet for the Wilmington and Northern Railroad to Allentown and the Schnylkill Vailey branch of the Pennsylvania road to the north and east.

AUBURN, N. Y., April 28.—At a meeting of the stock-holders of the Southern Central Railroad to-day the lease of the Ithaca, Auburn and Western Railrord was unantmously ratified.

DES MOINES, April 28 .- Governor Sherman this evenlog announced the appointment of L. S. Coffin, of Fort Dodge, as Railroad Commissioner, to succeed Joinet off, son, elected to Congress. Mr. Coffin has been known only as a successful farmer.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 28 .- The Finance Committee of the Illinois House, which was directed to examine the books of the Illinois Central Railroad, has reported that the books are correct with the exception of one minor clerical error.

A SOLID WEST SHORE INVESTMENT.

Gath, in The Oneinnatt Enquirer.

Speaking to General Horace Porter last Saturday, he said to me that John Jacob Astor, the head of the celebrated family of that name, had \$1,000,000 worth of the bonds of the West Shore Rallroad. At this time there are forty construction trains on this road between Weehawken and Athens. The

FAIRFIELD, Iowa, April 28 .- The greatest ire in the history of this city occurred here last night All the south half of the east side of the square is in ruins. Loss \$40,000; partially insured.

BUFFALO, April 28 .- A fire occurred in the Revere House here at midnight last night by which about 100 guests were frightened out of their rooms and into the street. No lives were lost.

BOSTON, April 28.-A fire this morning in the leather dressing establishment of Joseph W. Low, a North Cambridge, destroyed a large quantity of leather and valuable machinery. Loss, \$15,000; insurance, \$20,000.

CANTON, Me., April 28.-G. T. Piper's mill, in Livermore, was burned this morning, also the dwelling house of Elbridge Francis. Loss, \$15,800; insurance, \$5,000. ing destroyed property valued at \$25,000; partially in-WELLSBURG, W. Va., April 28 .- A fire here this morn-

LABORERS AND EMPLOYERS.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., April 28 .- A demand was made this evening by the cigarmakers in two of the largest manufactories in the city for an increase in pay of \$1 per thousand on the 1st of May. The employers told the men that they would give them a definite auswer on Monday morning.

New Haven, April 28 .- The employers of about one. half of the eigarmakers have agreed to advance the pay half of the eigarmakers have accepted any hold out, a of their men \$1 per thousand. Should say hold out, a strike will be ordered immediately. NORFOLK, Va., April 28.—The eigarmakers of Norfolk and Portsmouth will publish to-morrow their intention

to strike for an advance on the present rates, to take ef-fect May 1. Thus far the efforts of compromise between the manufacturers and employes have failed. LYNCHBURG, Va., April 28 .- Another strike of the tobacco operatives of this city is impending. A demand for increased prices was made this morning by several hundred prizers and stemmers, through a laboring asso-ciation. If the tobacconists do not comply with their demand the operatives threaten to suspend work.

A TORNADO IN TEXAS.

St. Louis, April 28.-Texas dispatches say that a violent wind storm swept over the northeastern part of that State, doing much damage. At Borbam, Palo County several persons are reported to have been killed.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

ANTHRACITE COAL PRODUCTION.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—The combined anthracite coal interests have agreed to work three days in each of the first two weeks of May, and to carry on production upon full time for the remainder of the month.

full time for the remainder of the month.

SULLIVAN TO GO INTO TRAINING.

BOSTON, April 28.—John L. Sullivan says he has fully recovered from his late Indisposition, and that he will go into training for his encounter with Mitchell on Monday. He weighs now 197 pounds stripped and will fight at about 199.

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St. Albans, Vt., April 28.—The bequest made by the inte Araban Huntington, of Brantford, Canada, for the beuefit of the common schools of Vermont, has just come into the possession of the State. The amount is something over \$200,000.

END OF THE WASHED DIAMOND CASE.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., April 13.—Judge Deming to day discharged Jacob Nepel, who was arrested on a charge of fraud for seiling to Edward Engel washed diamonds. The judge held that the charge of false pretences was unproved.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BOSTON.

TOPICS IN THREE CITIES.

THE HEALTH BOARD'S COMPROMISE-A DA FEAT FOR BUTLER-THE PAUL REVERS STATUE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston, April 28 .- The combat deepens. Last week witnessed the establishment of a deadlect between Governor Butler and the Legislature on the appropriation bills for the charitable and correctional institutions. This week he has locked horns with the Board of Health, Lunacy and Charity, and with the Attorney-General's office. The Governor sprang his mine upon the Tewksbury Almshouse trustees on Monday. It was a genuine serprise to everybody. The Board of Health, Lunzey and Charity, who were ordered to relieve the tros tees, were apparently more bewildered and dis-mayed than the ejected board. Frank B. Sanbers, of the first-named board, an inveterate enemy of Butler's, but an equally inveterate pursuer of the Marshes under the old Board of State Charities of which he was chairman, was suggested by the Governor as provisional superintendent of the almshouse under the Board of Health, Lunaey and Charity, acting as trus-tees. Sanborn immediately wrote to his old enemy, who was offering him the chance to put another old enemy under his feet, that "no earthly consideration " would tempt him to assume Marsh's place. Then the Governor flew into a pas-sion (in an official interview manifolded to the press from the Executive office) and abused Sanoorn with his choicest virulence.

The Board meanwhile had held a meeting and adourned to Saturday after merely voting to refer the Governor's order to them to the Attorney-General for his opinion as to whether the Governor could order the Almhouse trustees out and the Health Board into the Almshouse. This action the Governor also took in high dudgeon rating the Board for their contumacy and declaring anew that if every official in the State should attempt to balk him he would still fight single and alone to save the poor from being "murdered at Tewksburg and cut up at Harvard." Then he turned upon the Attorney-General's office and demanded of the sistant Attorney in charge by what right he was going to give counsel to a Board that had no right to go to the Attorney-General for opinions, and further, what business he had to be giving opinions anyhow in the Attorney-General's absence. The Assistant Attorney-General merely replied that he had already informed the Board that the law did not authorize them to appeal to him, and as to giving opinions in his chief's absence, that was precisely his duty and what the Governor himself had called on him to do in several instances. So the week has worn till to-day in this exchange of wild blows, none of which reached home. The Board has compromised by accepting the trusteeship witheas removing the Marshes, appointing an inspector over them instead. This is only just to persons under trial, and baffles Butler for the time being.

Another cross for the Governor this week has been the defeat of the Meigs Elevated Railresd scheme. It is a curious and significant fact that this project, which has threatened Boston real estate now for three years, had the substantially unanimous party support in this Legislature of the Democrats, Butler and his chief henchmen have vigorously worked for it, and foreign as it seems to party politics, 15 has still been made a party question.

Mr. William A. Simmons, too, has been "husg up" in the postponement of the confirmation of the new Water Board by the Common Council. The majority appear determined to cut off the salary heretofore attaching to the office of Water Comunication sioner. This was originally proposed by the Democrats, but since they came into possession at City Hall they have changed their minds on that point, and this dispute will keep Mr. Simmons out at lesse three weeks longer.

The models for the equestrian statue of Paul Esvere were passed upon by the jury and the three prizes awarded to James E. Kelley, of New-York, Daniel C. French, of Concord, and C. E. Dalten, of this city, or rather of Utah, wheater he came a friendless youth to study in this city two years ago. Kelly has made a rather too spirited model, which is thought better for a picture (he is the well-known illustrator) than for a statue. French and Dalton have chanced upon much the sane idea, and both are fair. Ball has a nodel on the way here from Rome, and as his Washington is called the best equestrian statue in

the country, he may yet carry off the commission. Although more tanned hide of Tewksbury paupers has been produced this week, the testimony in the case has brought out nothing of any consequence against the superintendent. On the contrary, an expert in asylum management, a Dr. Tucker, of Australia, travelling on a tour of inspection for the British Government, testified that the treatment of the insane at the almshouse was up to the bust standards in all respects.

CHICAGO.

TELEGRAPH WIRES-THE IRISH-DRAMATIC

AND MUSICAL. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

CHICAGO, April 28 .-- The overhead wire question s still an unsolved problem, though it is possible a compromise may be reached on cables and short poles. The Western Union Telegraph Company has now 400 men at work taking down wires and putting up the cables, which contain thirty-six wires each. Several telegraph men are here watching operations and waiting to see what will be done on the first of May. The Mayor himself doubts the practicability of the underground ordinance. Should the cable system be allowed, as now seems likely, it will take until next fall at least to finish the work, as there are about 4,000 miles of wire in the city, and it is intended to make the substitution complete even in the comparatively unsattled parts of the city. Should it not be allowed there will be a long and expensive litigation.

Since the Root excitement quieted down and the election contest was abandoned, legislative matters have been dull. The High License bill, which was reached yesterday as a special order, has gone over for a week. A bill providing heavy penalties for drunkenness has been sent to a third reading in the Senate. It provides for a third or any subsequent conviction imprisonment in jail for from thirty days to six months, in addition to payment of costs. As originally drawn the bill provided that on a fourth conviction the defendant should be adjudged guilty of felony, and be sent to the penitentiary for a year; but this clause was stricken out. The Senate has also passed the bill which makes sleeping cars common carriers.

Mr. Alexander Sullivan, who was elected on Friday president of the National Irish League of America, is a young man who has figured here somewhat in journalism, and still more in Democratic politics and as an employe in some of the public offices. He is now engaged in the practice of law. He first came prominently into public notice in this city by his killing of "Frank" Hanford, the principal of one of the public schools, some years ago. The humicide caused great excite-ment at the time, as well as his acquittal when he was tried for the crime. His wife, Margaret Suilivan, has long been well known here as a journalistic writer and critic, and also as a contributor to periodicals upon subjects connected with Irish reforms. The election of Mr. Suilivan will not arouse any anthusiasm among Chicago Irishi